Momentum Unit Test

Name:

Multiple Choice. Select the best response to each question below.

- 1. Momentum is an important quantity in physics because it tells you about an object's
 - a. Mass
 - b. Direction of motion
 - c. Speed
 - d. All of the above
- 2. Which has the greatest momentum?
 - a. A skateboard (m = 10.0 kg) slowly rolling up a hill.
 - b. A semi-truck (m = 9000 kg) parked at Hardee's.
 - c. A Honda Civic (m = 1000 kg) cruising down I-65.
 - d. They all have the same momentum.

3. A pitcher throws a baseball towards a batter at a speed of +35.0 m/s. Which of the following situations represents the highest impulse applied to the ball?

- a. The catcher bringing the ball to a clean, dead stop.
- b. The batter bunting the ball back toward the pitcher at -5.0 m/s.
- c. The batter hitting a line drive over the pitcher at -50.0 m/s.
- d. The all have the same impulse.

4. How much force is necessary to bring a 0.50 kg ball moving at 10.0 m/s to a stop in 0.20 seconds?

- a. 25 N
- b. 10.7 N
- c. 1.0 N
- d. 0.010 N

5. Automotive engineers need to design a car that minimizes the force on the car during a collision. Which of the following ideas would be most successful?

- a. Increasing the amount of time of the collision by making bumpers that compress and crumple
- b. Strengthening the bumpers of the car so that the car will bounce in the opposite direction in a crash
- c. Adding weights to the rear of the car to increase the car's inertia
- d. Using 22-inch tires instead of 18-inch tires

6. During the Great Snow Storm of 2015, your car is stuck in the snow. You sit inside your car and push against the dashboard with a force of +150 N. Which of the following is true?

- a. The total momentum of the car (with you inside) is conserved.
- b. The dashboard pushes on your hand with a force of -150 N.
- c. There are no external forces so the car (with you inside) does not accelerate.
- d. All of the above.

7. A 38 kg kid sitting motionless on a playground swing catches a 2 kg ball moving horizontally at 5 m/sec. How fast will the combination kid-and-ball move just after the catch?

- a. 0.25 m/s
- b. 0.50 m/s
- c. 1.0 m/s
- d. 2.0 m/s

8. Consider a soccer ball sliding on a frozen lake (frictionless) towards a stationary basketball. For which system is momentum conserved before and after the collision?

- a. Soccer Ball System
- b. Basketball System
- c. Soccer Ball—Basketball System
- d. Momentum is conserved for any system

Puzzles (Show all calculations and equations..)

9. A car with mass 1500 kg moves at 25 m/s. Use the impulse-momentum theorem to determine the final speed of the car if a braking force of 2900 N is applied for 11 s in order to decrease its speed.

10. A 150 g dart moving horizontally at 14 m/s strikes and sticks to a stationary wood block of mass 8850 g, which then slides across a friction-free level surface. What is the speed of the block and dart after the collision?

11. Physics often "takes a back seat" in comic books like Superman. But let's take physics into account in the following situation: Imagine Superman (m = 125 kg) is simply holding an asteroid (m = 125,000 kg) in outer space. In the comic, Superman throws the asteroid forward at 1.00×10^2 m/s and is at rest afterward...but what does physics say Superman's recoil speed *should* be?

12. Two green Vernier low-friction dynamics carts are on a black track. One cart of mass 1.03kg is at rest in the middle of the track. A second cart of mass 0.515 kg is moving at +2.00 m/s and collides elastically with the other cart. The after collision velocity of the 1.03 kg cart is +1.33 m/s. Find the after collision velocity of the 0.515 kg cart.